THE CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of treating or preventing a disorder that is ameliorated by the inhibition of neuronal monoamine reuptake which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.

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- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.

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- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the adverse effects associated with the inhibition of dopamine reuptake are reduced or avoided.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is adjunctively administered with a second pharmacologically active compound.
 - 6. A method of treating or preventing erectile dysfunction which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
- 30 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.

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- 9. The method of claim 6 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is administered transdermally or mucosally.
- 5 10. The method of claim 6 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is adjunctively administered with a 5-HT₃ antagonist.
 - 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the 5-HT₃ antagonist is an antiemetic agent.
 - 12. The method of claim 10 wherein the 5-HT₃ antagonist is selected from the group consisting of granisetron, metoclopramide, ondansetron, renzapride, zacopride, tropisetron, and optically pure stereoisomers, active metabolites, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, and clathrates thereof.
 - 13. A method of treating or preventing an affective disorder which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 14. The method of claim 13 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
 - 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.
 - 16. The method of claim 13 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is adjunctively administered with a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a second pharmacologically active compound.
 - 17. The method of claim 13 wherein the affective disorder is depression.

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- 18. The method of claim 13 wherein the affective disorder is narcolepsy.
- 19. The method of claim 13 wherein the affective disorder is nicotine addiction.
- 5 20. A method of treating or preventing a cerebral function disorder which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 1. The method of claim 20 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
 - 22. The method of claim 21 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.
- 15 23. The method of claim 20 wherein the the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is adjunctively administered with a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a second pharmacologically active compound.
- 20 24. The method of claim 20 wherein the cerebral function disorder is Parkinson's disease.
 - 25. The method of claim 20 wherein the cerebral function disorder is epilepsy.
- 26. A method of eliciting smoking cessation which comprises administering to a patient who smokes tobacco a therapeutically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 27. The method of claim 26 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
 - 28. The method of claim 27 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.

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- 29. The method of claim 26 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is administered orally, mucosally, or transdermally.
- 5 30. The method of claim 29 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is administered transdermally.
 - 31. The method of claim 26 wherein the bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is adjunctively administered with a therapeutically effective amount of nicotine.
 - 32. The method of claim 31 wherein the nicotine and/or bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is administered orally, mucosally, or transdermally.
 - 33. The method of claim 32 wherein the nicotine and/or bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof is administered transfermally.
- 34. A method of treating or preventing incontinence which comprises
 20 administering to a patient in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 35. The method of claim 34 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
 - 36. The method of claim 35 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.
 - 37. The method of claim 34 wherein incontinence is stress urinary incontinence.
 - 38. The method of claim 34 wherein the patient is a human of an age greater than 50 years or less than 13 years.

- 39. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
- 40. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 39 wherein the bupropion5 metabolite is optically pure.
 - 41. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 40 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.
- 10 . 42. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 40 wherein said pharmaceutical composition further comprises a second pharmacologically active compound selected from the group consisting of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 5-HT₃ inhibitors, and nicotine.
- 15 43. A dosage form comprising a bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 44. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein said dosage form is solid.
 - 45. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein said dosage form is a sterile solution.
 - 46. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein said dosage form is a transdermal patch.
- 25 47. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein the bupropion metabolite is optically pure.
 - 48. The dosage form of claim 47 wherein the optically pure bupropion metabolite is optically pure (S,S)-hydroxybupropion.

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- 49. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein said dosage form further comprises a second pharmacologically active compound selected from the group consisting of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 5-HT₃ inhibitors, and nicotine.
- 5 50. The dosage form of claim 43 wherein said dosage form is suitable for oral, mucosal, or transdermal administration to a patient.
 - 51. A dosage form suitable for transdermal administration to a patient which comprises nicotine and a bupropion metabolite or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
 - 52. A lactose-free solid dosage form comprising an optically pure bupropion metabolite or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.
- The dosage form of claim 52 wherein said dosage form is an oral dosage form.
 - 54. A process for preparing optically pure (S,S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or clathrate thereof which comprises:

asymmetrically hydroxylating Z-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy-1-propene to form an intermediate;

reacting the intermediate with 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol to form (S,S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol; and

isolating the (S,S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol.

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- 55. A process for preparing optically pure (R,R)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or clathrate thereof which comprises:
- asymmetrically hydroxylating Z-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-1-propene to form an intermediate;

reacting the intermediate with 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol to form (R,R)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol; and

isolating the (R,R)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-3,5,5-trimethyl-morpholinol.

- 10 56. The process of claim 54 or 55 wherein the intermediate formed by the asymmetric hydroxylation of Z-1-(3 -chlorophenyl)-1-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-1-propene is an a-hydroxy ketone activated by trifluoromethane sulfonic anhydride.
 - 57. A compound of the formula:

$$\bigcap_{Cl} O$$
 or
$$\bigcap_{Cl} O$$

wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, triflate, tosylate, and nosylate; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or clathrate thereof.